



**Laser-Spectroscopy for polymer
sorting**

Jan Meyer

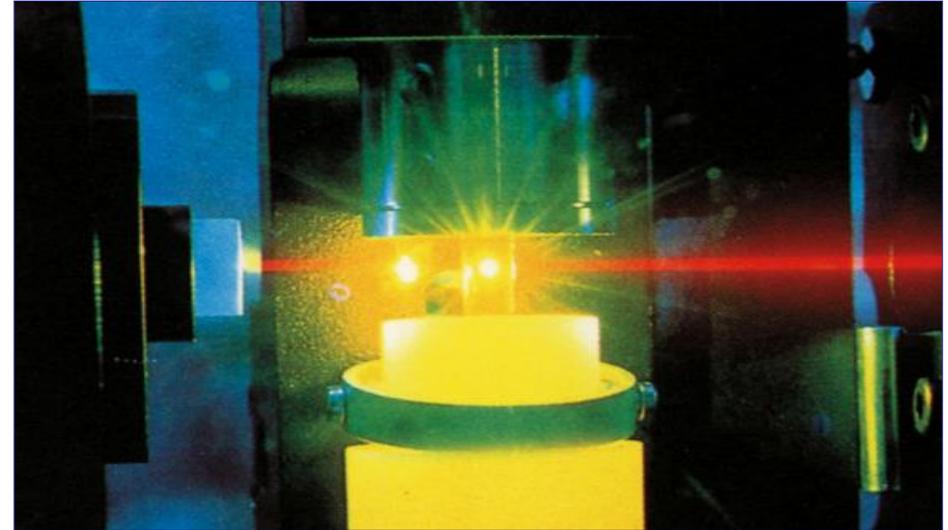
Amsterdam

March 30th, 2017

**THE
REVOLUTION
IN SORTING**

About UNISENSOR

- Non-destructive foreign substance detection *at speed of light in the process* with Optoelectronic sensor technology - mainly Absorption, Fluorescence and Raman spectroscopy
- Specialized in the
 - identification of substances (liquids, solids and gases) in industrial processes
 - measuring range: ppb - %
- Founded in 1990 by Prof. Dr.-Ing. Gunther Krieg
- Independent, family-owned company
- Providing Worldwide Service, e.g. in the U.S. by UNISENSOR USA Inc.



UNISENSOR offer products for different industries based on spectroscopy



Plastic industry in the transition from a linear to a circular economy?

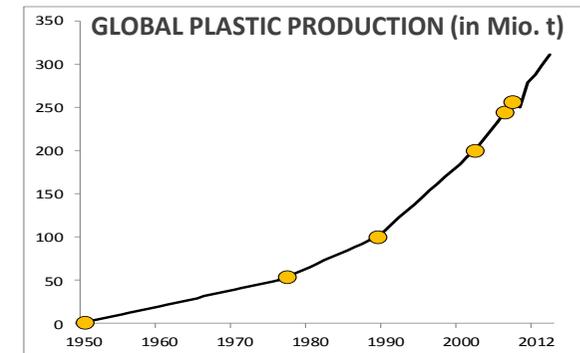
■ Global plastic production has increased by factor 200 since 1950 to over 300 Mio. t/ year. (Europe: 60 Mio t/y and stable for the last 10 years)*

■ Total mechanical plastic recycling rate is below 15%** . Higher recycling rates are ecologically desired, because it:

+ saves resources (75% less oil; 65% less energy)

+ fosters collection and reduces littering

- but: virgin production would be substituted



■ Free market (=recyclers) will move up recycling rates when:

Value of unsorted fraction +
(Shredder residue:
PP, ABS, PS, ABS-PC, rest of
plastics incl. PVC, rubber, wood,
metal)

Processing /
Sorting cost <

Value of all sorted/concentrated fractions
PP+ ABS + PS + ABS-PC + Residual
(rest of plastics incl. PVC,
rubber wood, metal)

* Quelle: PlasticsEurope

**Ellen MacArthur Foundation

Main challenge of plastic recycling: Generating pure fractions

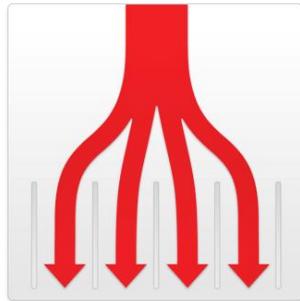
- Foreign material harm the processing and quality of the plastic and therefore limit the range of application of recycled material
- For high-end application, e.g. bottle-to-bottle recycling, the plastic stream has to be free of other material ($5 < \text{ppm-level}$)
- Up to now there is no efficient sorting solution for sorting black plastics into different plastic types on the market



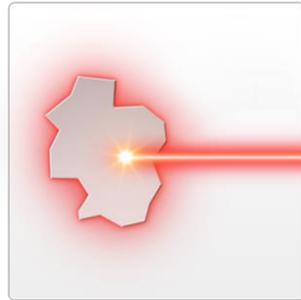
UNISENSOR offers plastic sortation based on High-Speed Laser Spectroscopy

The Principle of High-Speed Laser Spectroscopy

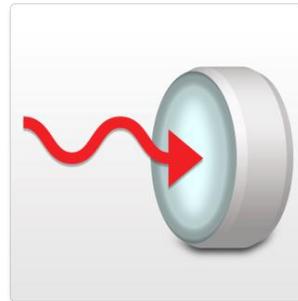
- Contaminants are detected in the material flow by virtue of their spectrum, i.e. their physical "fingerprint" and sorted.



▲
Feeding of the PET stream via hopper and chutes to the detection point



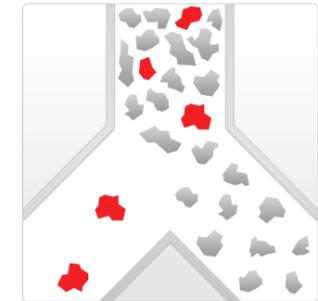
▲
Optical excitation of material with high energetic laser light



▲
Collecting fluorescence light / Raman scattering

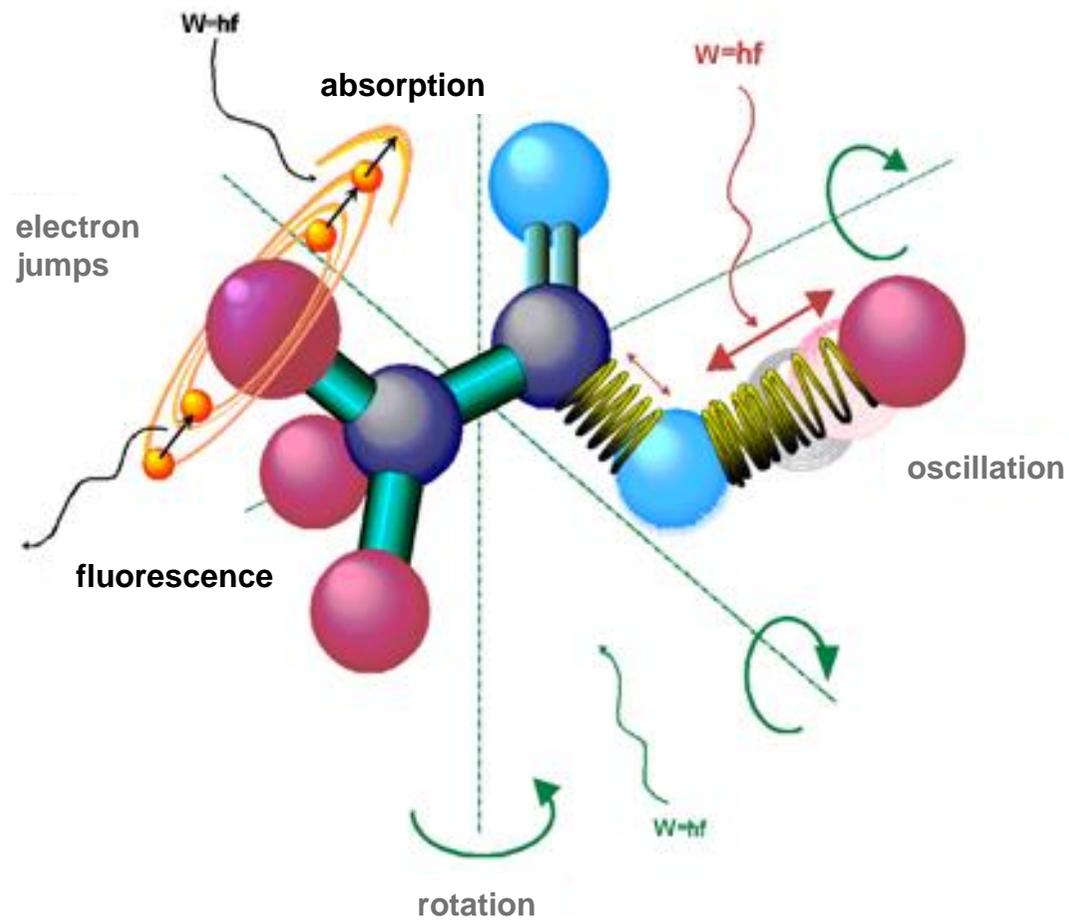


▲
Spectral analysis (physical "fingerprint")

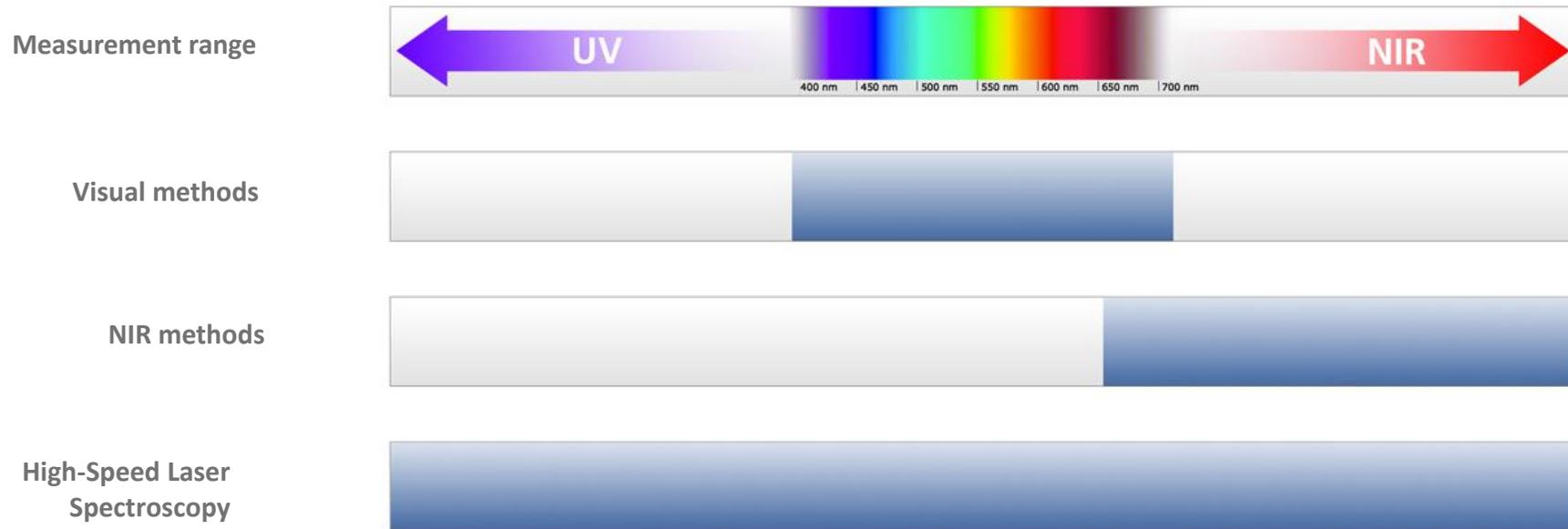


▲
Sorting out foreign material

Material specific spectra generated by Laser Fluorescence and Raman Spectroscopy

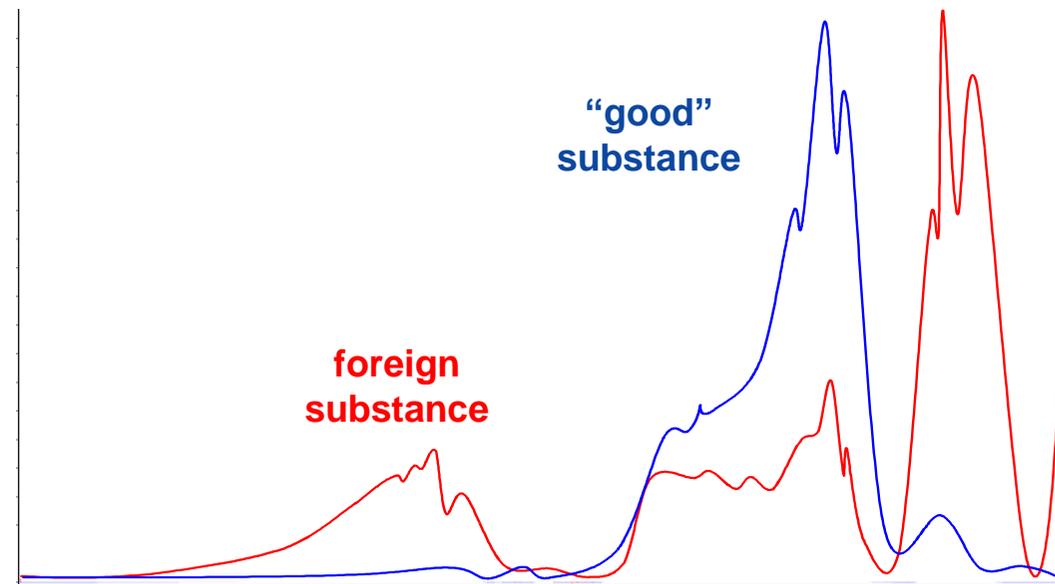


For precise, comprehensive substance identification, the POWERSORT technology uses wideband, highly differentiating spectra



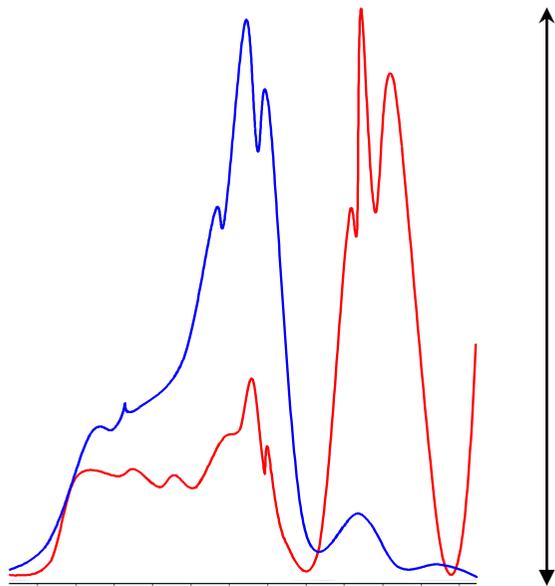
Every material has its own significant fingerprint

The wideband, high-resolution, substance-specific spectra permit precise substance identification and thus differentiation between the “good” substance and foreign material.



1 million spectra / second

Clear (low noise), distinctive signals allow to generate 1.000.000 spectra/sec.
→ Result: high resolution or high throughput



Clear (low noise) signals allow shortest exposure times.
Every 1 μ s (microsecond) one complete fingerprint is captured

- Resolution:
Powersort 200 > 2 mm
Powersort 360 > 8 mm

High-Speed Laser-Spectroscopy allows to achieve highest purity level or high throughput

1 Mio. spectra per second

Highest resolution: POWERSORT 200



- PET, Black and Mixed Plastic Sorting
- 4 Sorters in One
- up to 3 tons/hr
- <1,5 – 20 mm Grain Size

High throughput and flexibility: POWERSORT 360



- Black and Mixed Plastic Sorting
- 8 Sorters in One
- up to 10 t/hr (8 x 1,25 t/hr)
- 8 – 75 mm Grain Size (designed for shredder material)

World Premiere: POWERSORT on K 2016



- Technology is being used for sorting black material since 2010
- New machine frame especially designed for sorting shredder residue and optimized for laser spectroscopy

Fields of application of POWERSORT 200

PET Recycling



WEEE/ASR-Treatment



Production waste



Pellets



Purifying of flakes before extrusion



Sorting for specific plastics in a existing process



Sorting and purifying



Purifying of pellets



Lowest contamination

Sorting

Pure fractions

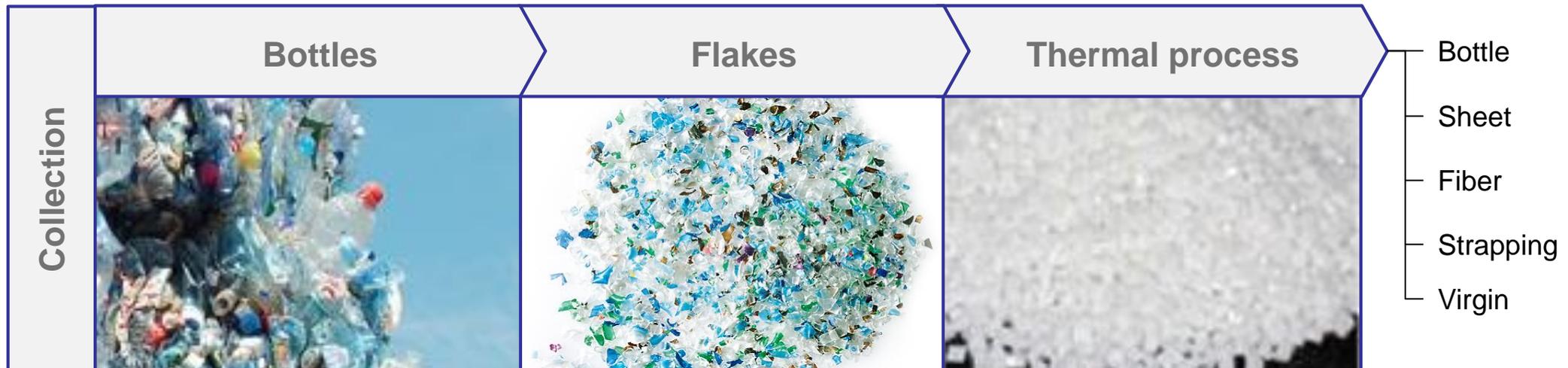
Pure fractions

Quality assurance

Quality assurance

Quality assurance

PET-Recycling Process Scheme



- De-balling
- Separation
 - Manual
 - Mechanical
 - Sensorbased systems
 - Color / Metal
 - Foreign Material
- Grinding

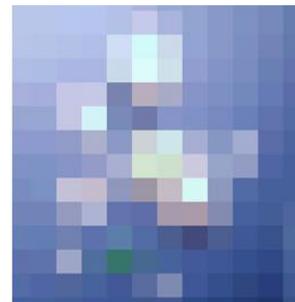
- Washing
- Separation
 - Mechanical
 - Sensorbased systems
 - Color / Metal
 - **Foreign Material**

- Extrusion
- SSP
- Decontamination

The high resolution achieved with POWERSORT 200 permits even the tiniest particle sizes to be detected.



POWERSORT 200:
up to 1,000,000
measurements / second

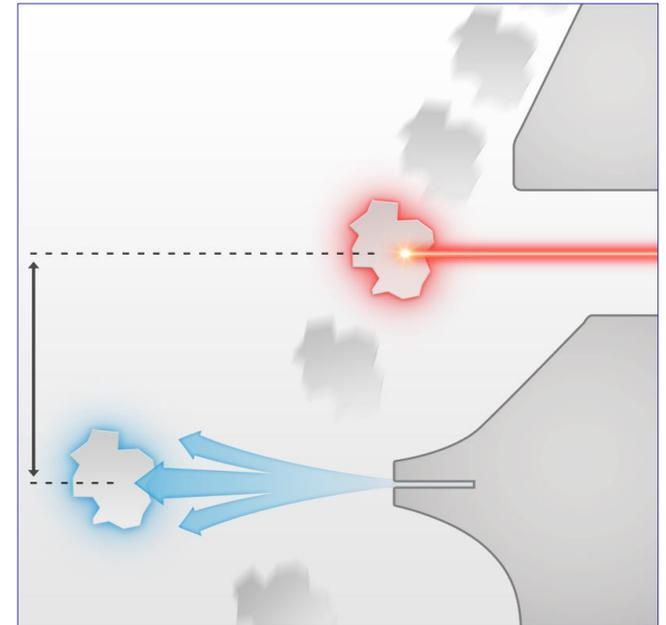


by comparison:
100,000
measurements / second

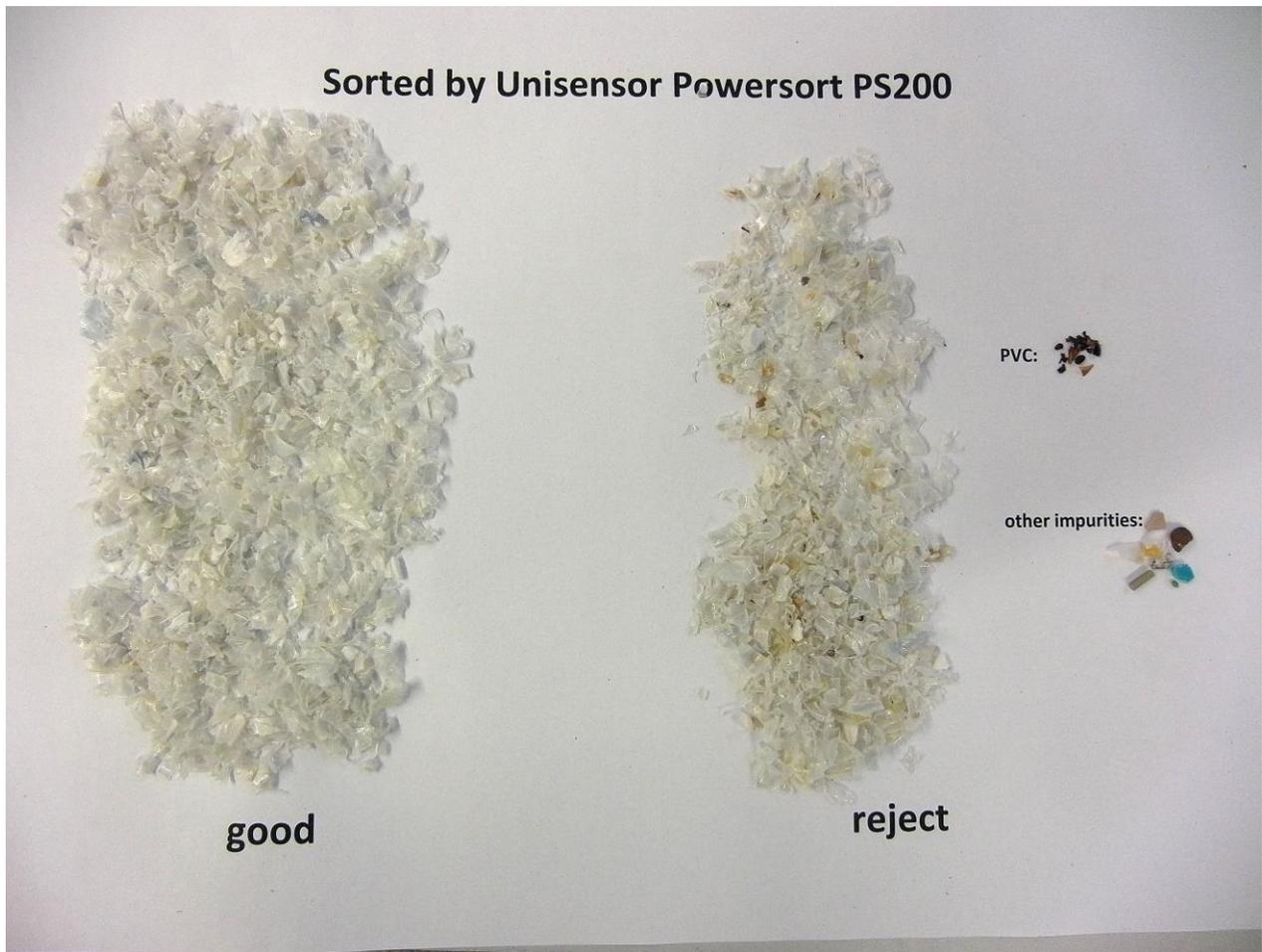
High Ejection Efficiency as a Prerequisite for Low False Reject Rates

For Spectral Analysis POWERSORT 200 is equipped with:

- **Short distance between measurement and ejection**
(< 1.2" / < 30 mm)
- **Substance specific control of the ejector unit**



Test Results



Set-up:

Throughput: 2.5 t/h

Input quality:

Good material quality

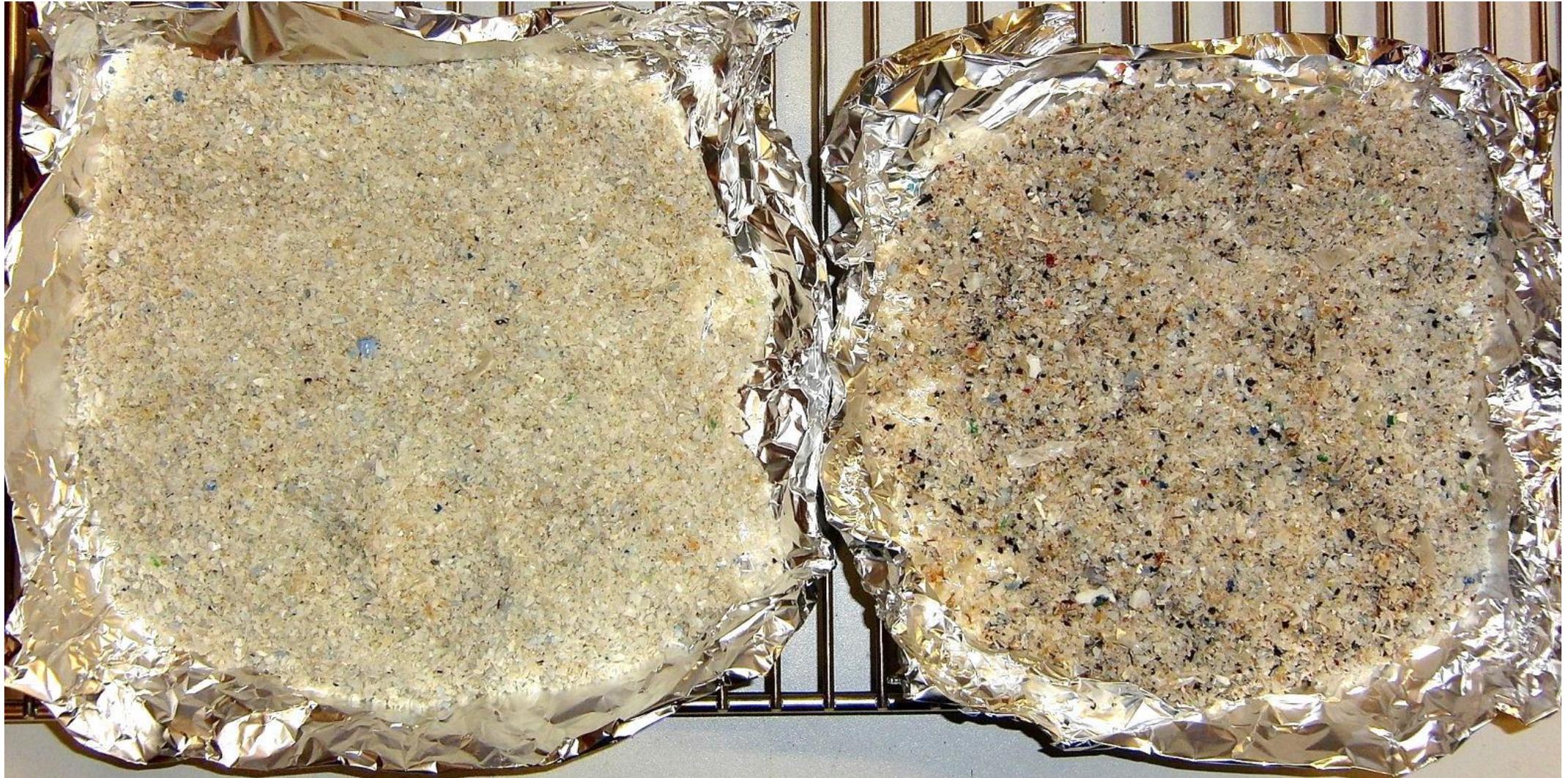
- PVC: 20 ppm
- Few contaminations, i.e. PET-TiO₂, silicone, blends (not measured)

Contamination after sorting:

PVC < 3 ppm

Other contaminants: non measurable

Test Results – Sorting of fines



Test Results – Sorting of PET with TiO₂

Although it cannot be distinguished from crystalline PET by eye, PET with TiO₂ can be clearly identified and sorted with POWERSORT.

Crystalline PET



PET with TiO₂

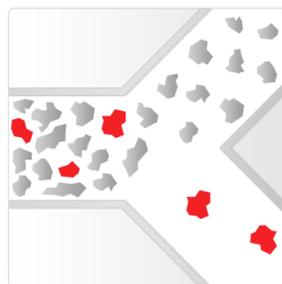


Test Results – Sorting of PET with yellowing additives

Quality of sorting with transparent PET contaminated with PVC, nylon, multilayer, blends, etc.



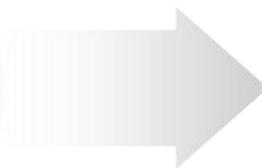
“Good”
Fraction



“Bad”
Fraction



220 °C / for 30 min.

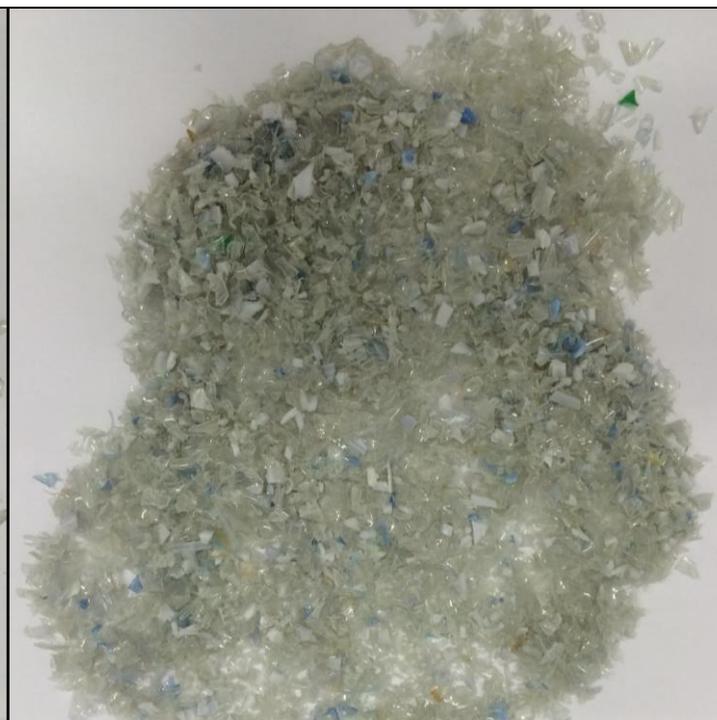


Test Results – Typical US kerbside material

Before sorting



After sorting



Representative
for all Western non-
deposit collection
schemes

220 °C / for 30 min.

Production waste can be recovered even when it is black and to highest quality levels.



Fields of application of POWERSORT 360

POWERSORT 360 was especially developed for sorting shredder residues.

WEEE



Sorting WEEE-Shredder Residue



ELV



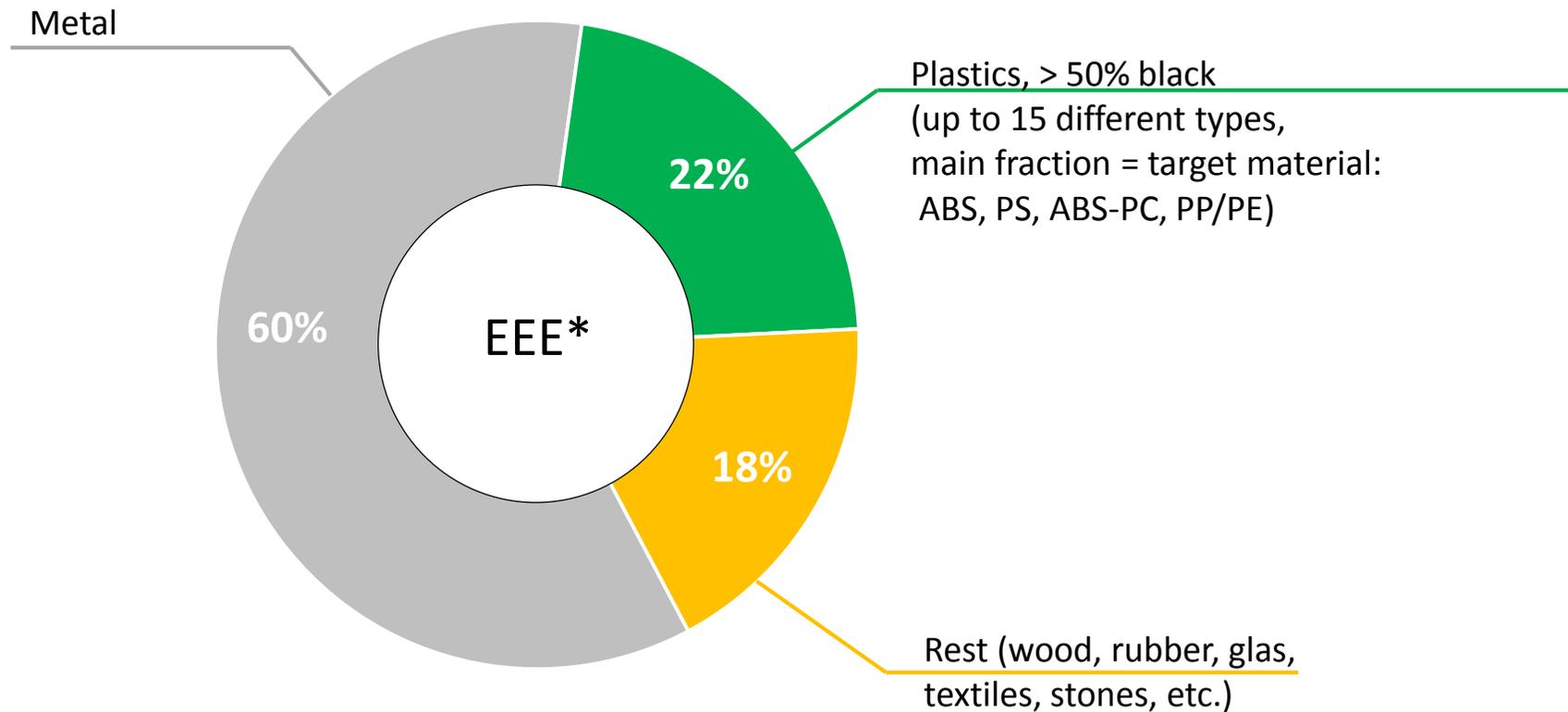
Sorting Automotive Shredder Residue



Sorting into different Plastics: ABS, PS, ABS-PC, PP/PE

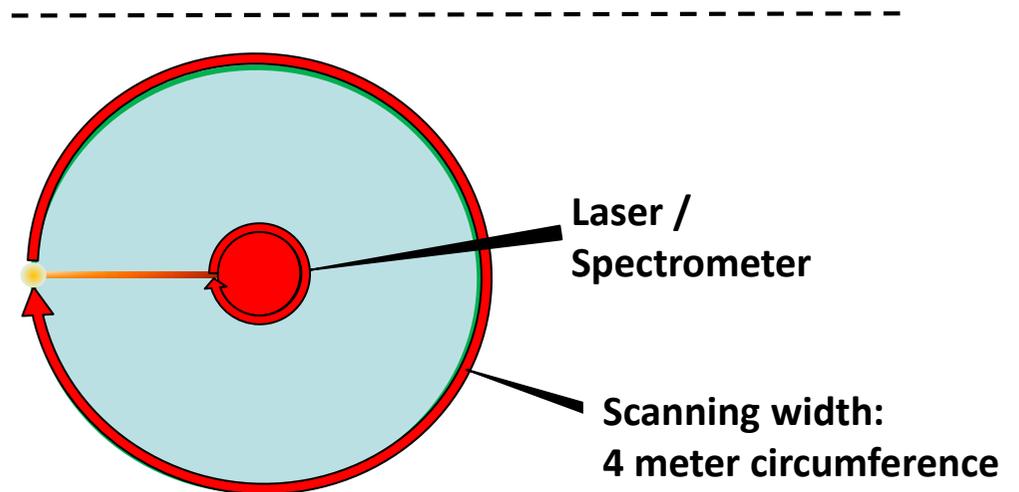
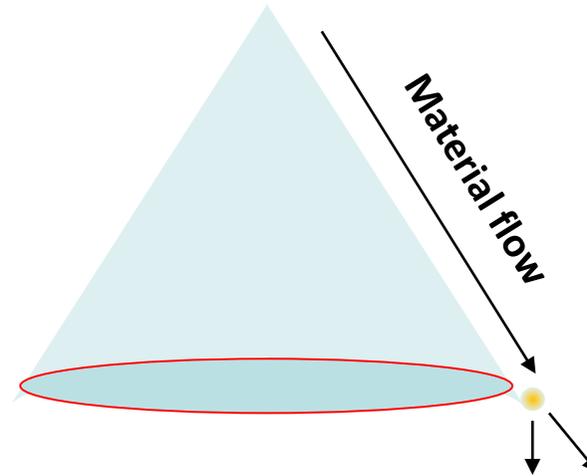
Generating a mixed plastic fraction: ABS, PS, ABS-PC, PP/PE

EEE consist of about 25% plastics. Trend: rising.

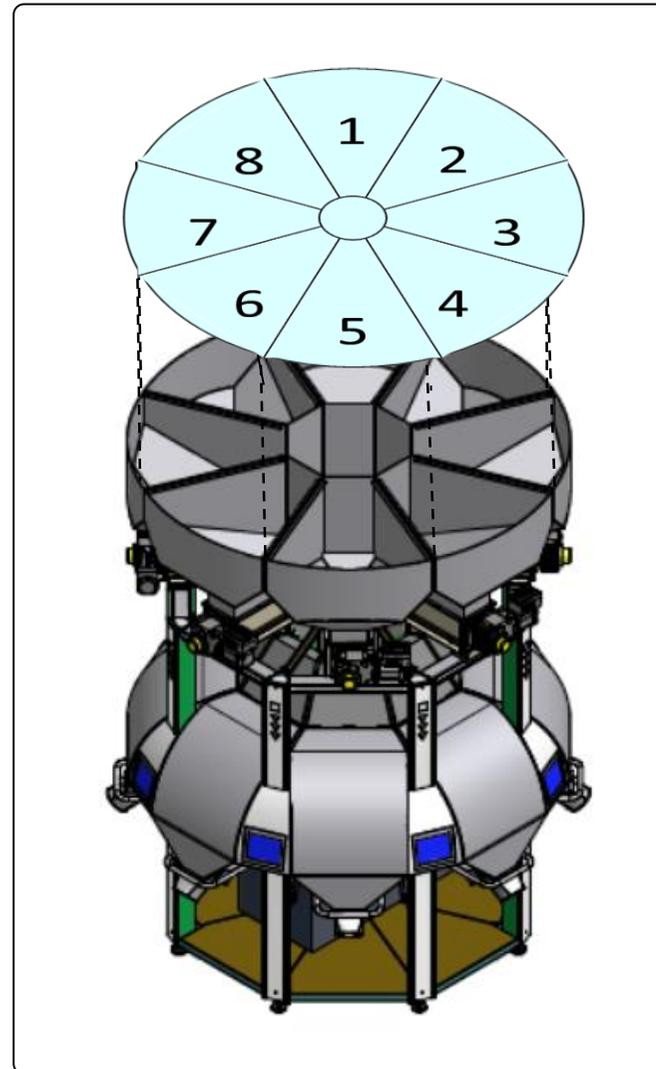


* div, e.a. Sensor Based Sorting 2014, D. Arends

POWERSORT 360: Revolutionary Machine Design: 4 meters effective scanning width + possibility of multiple sorting on a very small footprint



POWERSORT 360 consist out of 8 independent sorters offering maximum flexibility for all sorting tasks



The chute system allows high throughput with good material separation



Shredder residue is directly sorted into the target plastic types

Material directly from the shredder



ABS 15%

PS 13%

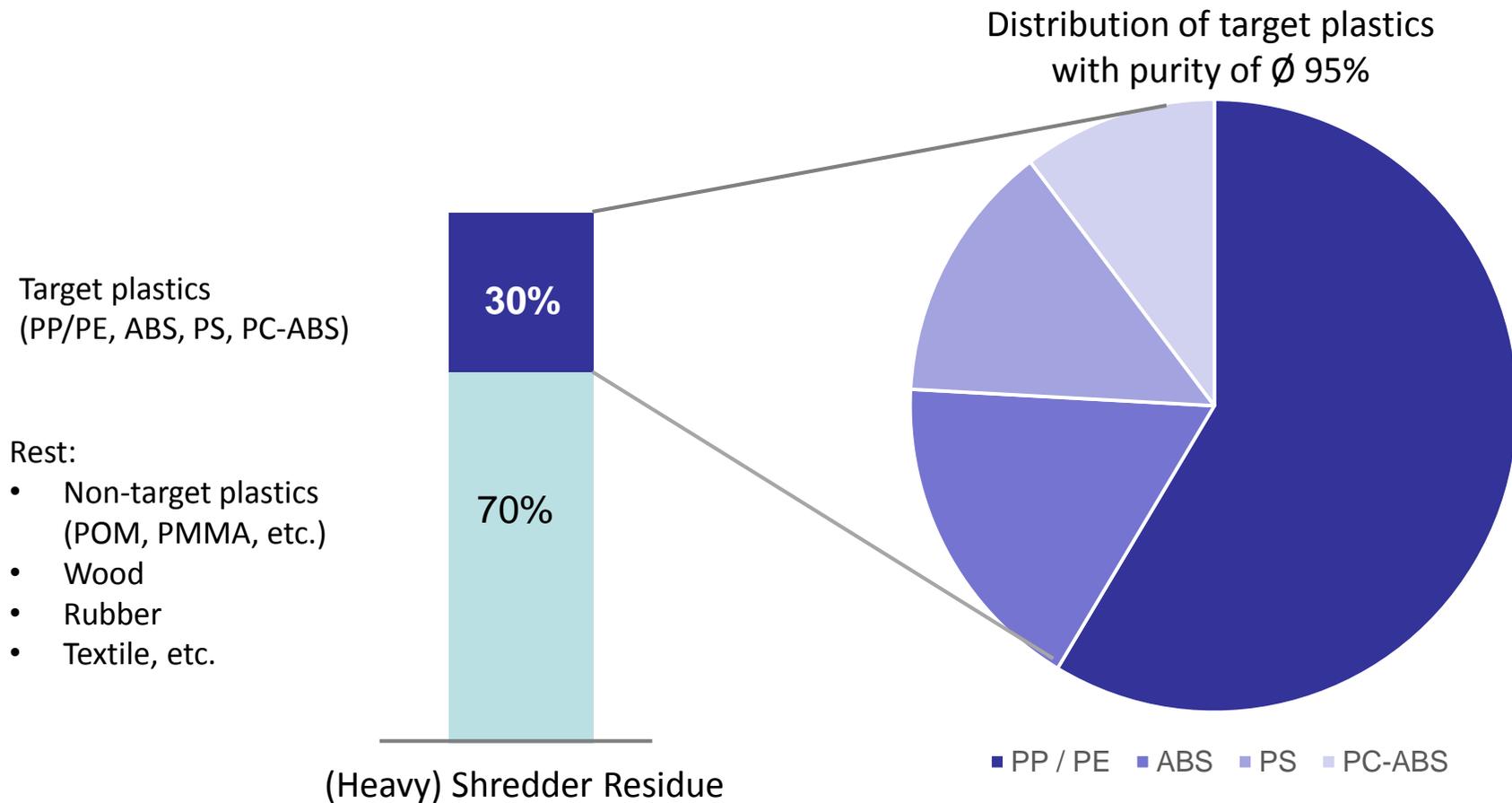
PC-ABS 9%

PP 3%

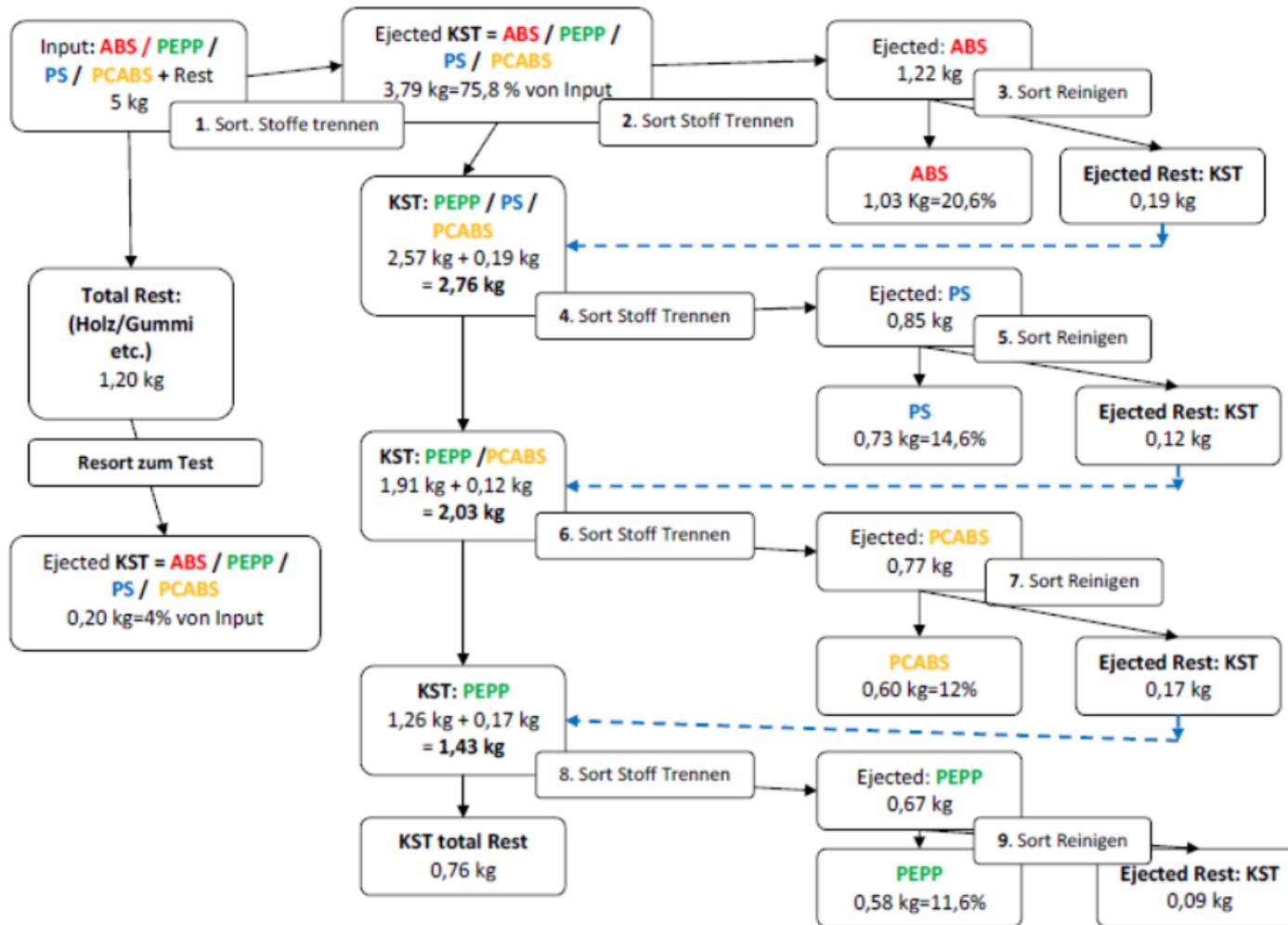
60%

Purity > 98%

CUSTOMER EXAMPLE: POWERSORT 360 generates single fractions of PP/PE, ABS, PS and ABS-PC with a purity of around 95%



For an efficient sorting into different fractions high total sorting capacity is necessary



Example WEEE

Reject:
non-target plastics, wires, rubber, wood, etc.



ABS, PS, ABS-PC fractions: >98%



Last but not least: Award winning technology....

Nomination for German Federal President's Award for
Technology and Innovation - 2010



German Environmental Award - 2014



ECR Award 2014: Supply chain: Recyclate Initiative

Thank you for your attention!