Importance of aquaculture in Belgium

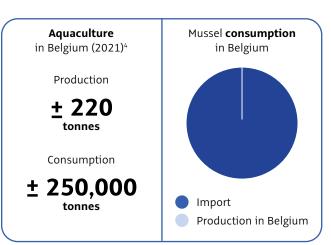


Aquaculture: the cultivation of aquatic plants and animals, such as seaweed, mussels, fish, lobsters and oysters. **Marine aquaculture**: aquaculture taking place at sea.

Globally, the aquaculture sector is the **strongest growing sector within food production**. The importance of aquaculture for Belgium was also confirmed in the Belgian Strategic Plan Aquaculture (2021–2030), which aims to achieve a production capacity of as much as 425 tonnes per year¹ by 2030.

Investing in aquaculture is relevant to our country for several reasons:

- It makes Belgium less dependent on (high) imports. Currently just about all aquaculture products are imported, especially salmon, pangasius, mussels and tropical shrimp.²
- It creates the opportunity to increase both quality and food safety control.
- Mussels, oysters and seaweed are a solution in the search for more sustainable sources of protein.



Trends in aquaculture **products**²:

- increase in **volume** and **market share**, with greater availability by developing breeding practices
- higher **quality** and increasingly strict controls
- a **more positive attitude** toward aquaculture products, including from professional fish buyers such as restaurateurs, mainly due to the regularity of supply
- more and more aquaculture products with an **eco-label** as Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC), Biogarantie (= organic guarantee), GLOBALG.A.P. or Global Aquaculture Alliance (GAA)



Many **Belgian initiatives** align with the objectives of the Belgian Aquaculture Strategic Plan (2021–2030).

- Roadmap for integrated aquaculture in Flanders
- ThinkThank North Sea
- Blue Cluster
- The Marine Spatial Plan (2020-2026)
- Westdiep Sea Farm (Colruyt Group & DEME)
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See also factsheet 'Innovative research on aquaculture'



Why Colruyt Group is investing in aquaculture

Colruyt Group believes in the enormous potential of aquaculture to meet the rising demand for balanced and sustainable sources of protein. In doing so, Colruyt Group is in the first place investing in the local cultivation of mussels, and eventually plans an expansion with the cultivation of other shellfish such as oysters and seaweed. With the sea farm, Colruyt Group creates economic and social added value for numerous players through both direct and indirect collaborations. The project may also stimulate new investments and additional employment in the Belgian aquaculture sector.



Relevance of mussel farming

Consumption of mussels in Belgium



92% from the Netherlands²





All mussels sold in Belgium are currently imported. By investing in Belgian mussel farming, Colruyt Group can provide an important **lever** its **for sustainable local production** and local supply on store shelves. With its various store formats, the group is also a major player in mussel sales in Belgium.





¹Agency for Agriculture and Fisheries, Flemish Government. (2022). Belgian Strategic Plan Aquaculture 2021 - 2030, p. 47.

²Ethic Ocean & VLIZ. (2018). Fish and seafood guide for professionals, p. 154.

³Agency for Agriculture and Fisheries. (2024). Fisheries report 2024, p. 23 ⁴EUMOFA, 2023..

⁵EUMOFA, 2022.

⁶Sales figures at Bio-Planet, Colruyt Lowest Prices, Okay and Retail Partners Colruyt Group.

