

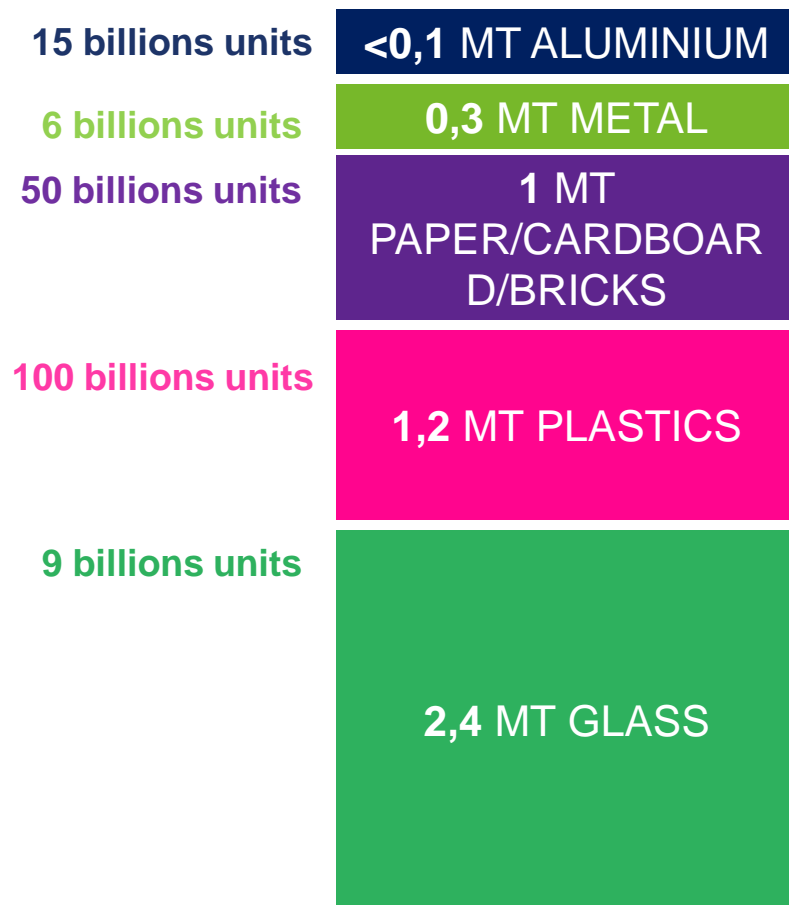


ECO EMBALLAGES



PE, PP, PS : What will France do with these packages
— 29.03.2017

5MT OF HOUSEHOLD PACKAGING IN FRANCE



GLOBAL RECYCLING RATE: 67%

METAL: 108%

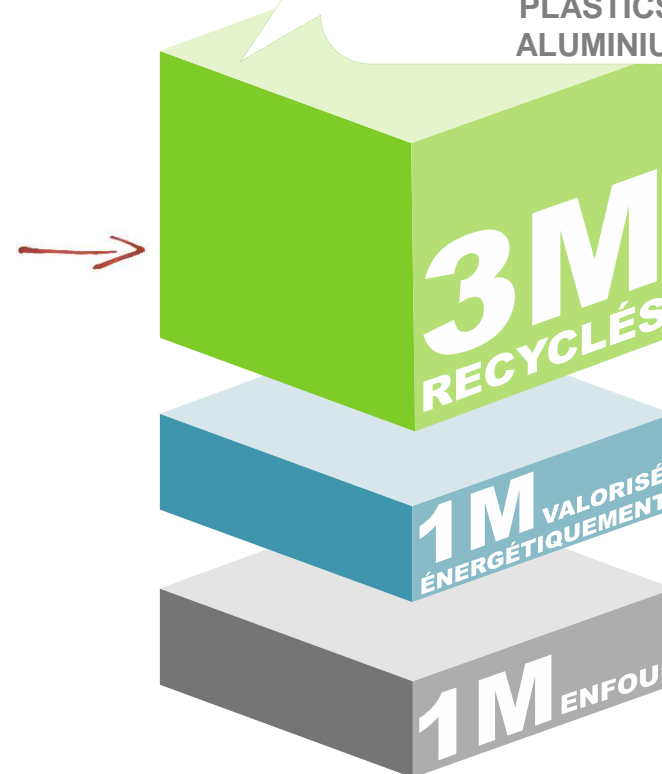
GLASS: 85%

PAPER/CARDBOARD: 67%

BRICKS: 45%

PLASTICS: 23,8%

ALUMINIUM : 35%



National target of 75% of recycling by 2022



A 110M€ INVESTMENT TO SECURE A CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Boosting selective collection where performance are lower



Boosting plastics recycling by expanding sorting instructions to include all plastics



A 110M€ investment:

- To double plastics recycling as well as other materials' recycling
- To recycle or recover 100% of plastics, e.g. energy recovery, RDF
- To reduce costs per ton & to control total costs evolution



GENERAL OBJECTIVES



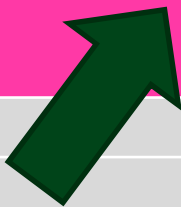
- ❑ Give French consumers the opportunity to **sort more and better** (not only plastics packaging but all materials)
- ❑ Increase the recyclable part of plastic packaging while **reaching an economic, social and environmental optimum**
- ❑ **Develop other recovery options** for packaging that are - and will remain - non recyclable (energy, RDF, ...)
- ❑ Define collection and sorting organizations allowing to **control and reduce costs**
- ❑ **Guarantee recycling**, develop markets and applications for recycled resins





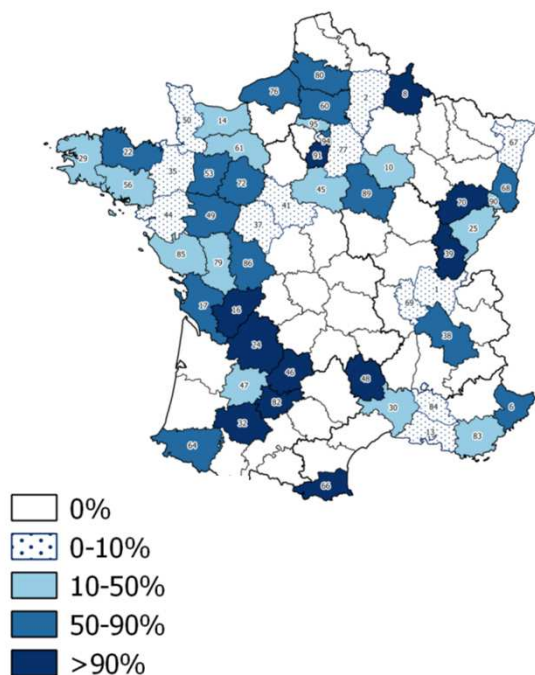
56% of plastics packaging are expected to be recycled in 2030 (+ 400,000 t)

	Today's situation	Estimate for 2022	Estimate for 2030
Plastic packaging sold on French market (kt/year)	1 090	1 147	1 207
Of which			
Bottles	435	445	449
Trays, pots and other rigids	375	396	424
Films	280	305	334
Packaging waste recycled (kt/year)	256	445	675
Of which			
Bottles	250	311	368
Trays, pots and other rigids	4	100	232
Films	2	34	75
Plastic packaging recycling rate	23%	39%	56%
Of which			
Bottles	57%	70%	82%
Trays, pots and other rigids	1%	25%	55%
Films	1%	11%	23%

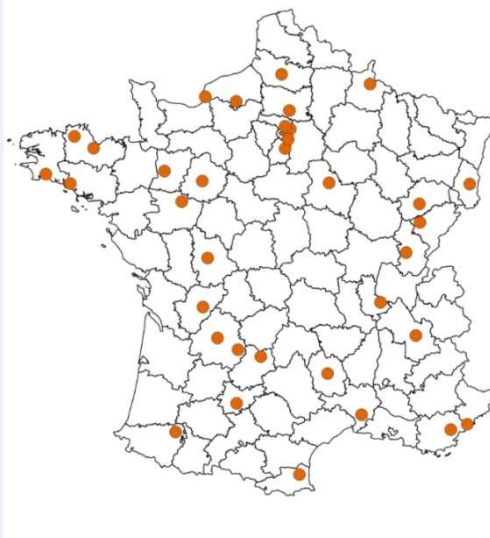


IMPLEMENTATION BY MUNICIPALITIES AND SORTING CENTRES TARGETS REACHED END OF 2016

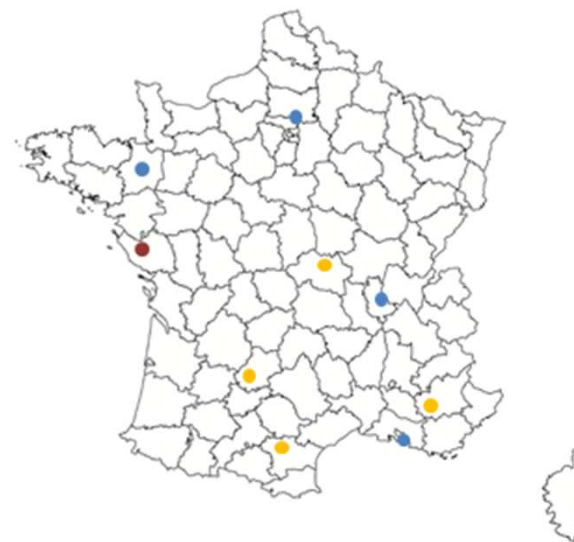
**15M inhabitants
sort all packaging**



**36 modernised
sorting centres**



**9 new pilot
sorting centres**



**+2 kg/inhab/year of new plastics
+ same effect for other materials**



FOCUS ON THE NEW STREAMS & THEIR MARKET



PET bottles, & flasks
PET trays & pots



Already in place



PEHD/PP, bottles, & flasks
PEHD,/PP trays & pots



Already in place



Flexible films
PEBD/PEHD



Already in place, to be consolidated



PS/XPS/PSE trays & pots



Difficult to sort, limited outlets



Complex /multilayer PET trays
& pots; PP/complex or too
tiny flexible films



Design to improve recyclability
or energy recovery



PVC



Non conclusive recycling tests :
chloro plastics not fit for energy
recovery. Elimination as a waste.



Increasing plastics packaging recyclability with packers & fillers

Packaging innovation:
MERALLIANCE



Reducing aluminium:
ALBEA, ELVIR



Guide of best practices:
SYNDIFRAIS



Mono-material trays: KERMENÉ, ELIVIA, HERTA, BEL



CONCLUSIONS

- **Need to involve all actors of the packaging value chain:**
 - Packers & fillers (« design for recycling »)
 - Consumers (in sorting their waste properly)
 - Municipalities (optimised selective collection)
 - Recycling industry (expertise sharing)
- **Need to modernise sorting:** fewer sorting centres (240 today, i.e. an average of 1 for 250,000 inhabitants), automatisation, industrialisation
- **Need for a stable and well-defined quality of recycled materials** so as to allow sound market developments, to ensure outlets, and to avoid dependency on exports

