

World Wealth Report 2016 Key Findings

Brussels, 23rd of June 2016





Agenda

- Market Sizing and Impact of Key Drivers of Wealth
- WWR 2016- Economic Review Belgium
- Findings from the Global HNW Insights Survey, 2016
- Looking Back and Forward: 20 Years of the World Wealth Report
- Digital Maturity an Elusive Goal for Wealth Management Firms
- Questions and Answers





Overview





This year we celebrate 20th anniversary of the WWR, which has been an industry leading report for two decades

Changing HNWI Behaviors



Mid-Tier Millionaire Challenge



Regulatory Impacts on WM Firms and their Clients



Offshore vs. **Onshore Capital** Flows



Globalization and Wealth **Transfer**



Digital: The New Wealth **Management Mandate**

Needs-

Based Client

Service Models



Change and **Ultra-HNWIs** Innovation in **Private Banking**



Meeting Needs of Growth Markets



Addressing Evolving Role of Wealth



Specialized **Products and Strategies**



Adapting to **New Market** Realities



Manager

Europe vs. North America HNWIs



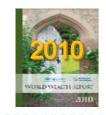
Impact of New Market Realities on HNWIs



Institution-Like HNWI **Behaviors**



Change in Investor Leveraging **Psyche post Crisis Enterprise Value**





Developing

Scalable Business

Models

Digital Maturity Remains an Elusive Goal



WWR 2016 20th Year Anniversarv



This year's WWR assesses the HNWI market and their preferences, and industry's digital maturity

Four Components of 2016 World Wealth Report



The four components of the WWR were produced using a variety of global and local primary and secondary sources.





High Net Worth
Market Sizing and
Impact of Key Drivers
of Wealth



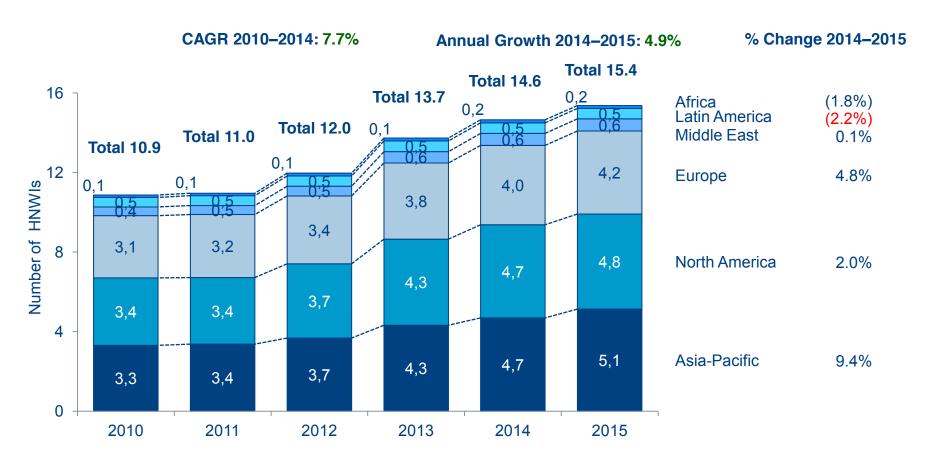


Key Findings: Market Sizing and Growth

- Global HNWI population and wealth expanded at subdued rates of 4.9% and 4.0% respectively in 2015
- Asia-Pacific overtook North America to become the region with the largest amount of HNWI wealth at US\$17.4 trillion in 2015 after having already surpassed it on the HNWI population count last year
- China and Japan emerged as growth engines and drove close to 60% of the global HNWI population growth in 2015
- Global HNWI wealth is expected to cross US\$100 trillion by 2025, nearly triple the 2006 amount

HNWI population grew 4.9%, led by Asia-Pacific

Number of HNWIs by Region (Millions)



Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016





Global HNWI wealth up 4.0%

HNWI Investable Wealth by Region (US\$ Trillion)



Asia-Pacific surpassed North America on HNWI wealth

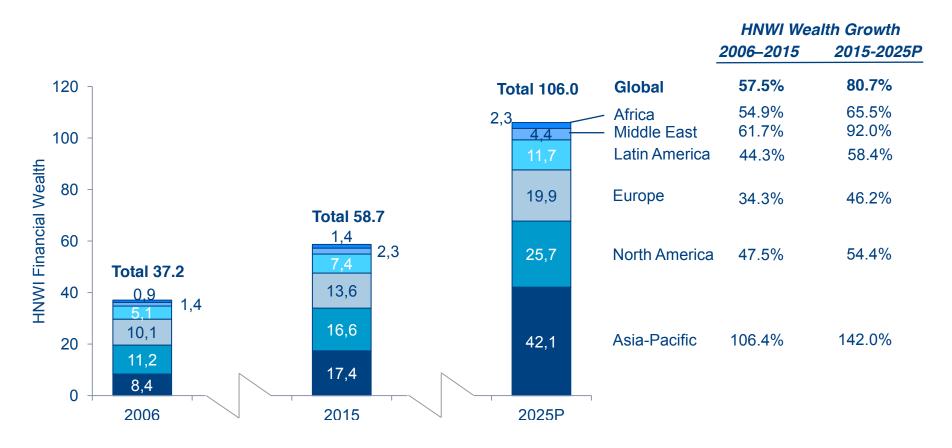
Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016





By 2025, HNWI Wealth to reach almost triple the 2006 amount

HNWI Wealth Projection, 2006, 2015, 2025P (by Region)



Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016





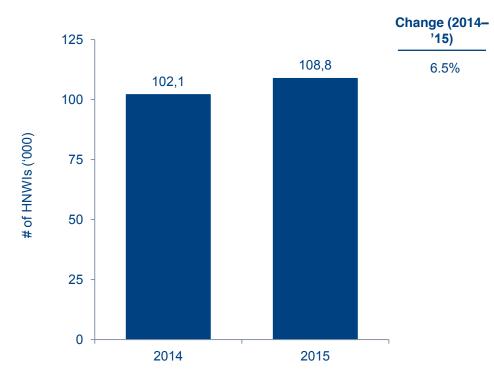
2016 World Wealth Report Economic Review – Belgium





Belgium – 2015 Economic Review

Number of HNWIs for Belgium ('000), 2014–2015



Drivers of Wealth (+)

- Real GDP stood at \$ 435.2 billion, representing a growth of 1.4% in 2015
- Market Capitalization increased by 12.6% in 2015
- Real estate prices decreased by 0.7% in 2015

Inhibitors of Wealth (-)

Note: HNWI numbers have been rounded up to one decimal place for representation while the change is calculated based on complete numbers

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Capgemini Lorenz curve methodology; EIU Country Reports, March 2016; EIU Data, March 2016; Global Property Guide, April 2016





Belgium – 2015 Economic Review

Key Macroeconomic Drivers and Inhibitors of HNWI Wealth

Factor	2015 Performance	2015 Drivers and Inhibitors	Model Impact
GDP Growth	Real GDP Growth:1.4% in 20151.3% in 2014	 Real GDP stood at \$ 435.2 billion in 2015, representing a growth of 1.5%, compared to a growth of 1.3% in 2014 Increased private consumption, low global oil prices, wage moderation and improving productivity is supportive of economic growth which is evident in the improving growth rates after the stagnation in 2012-13 	1
Savings	 National Savings as a Percentage of GDP: 23.5% in 2015 22.8% in 2014 	 National savings as a percentage of GDP increased marginally in 2014: Private consumption stood at \$ 220.5 billion, representing a growth of 1.4% in 2015, compared to a growth of 0.3% in 2013 Government consumption stood at \$95.8 billion, representing zero growth in 2015, compared to growth of 0.6% in 2014 	1
Market Capitalization Change	Market Capitalization Change:12.6% in 201512.4% in 2014	 Market Capitalization increased by 12.6% in 2015, compared to 12.4% in 2014 With Germany and France being large trading partners of Belgium, the markets were subdued given the sluggish economic performance these major economies of the Euro zone 	1
Real Estate	 Real Estate^b price change: (0.7%) in 2015^a 1.3% in 2014 	 Real estate prices in Belgium fell by 0.7% in 2015, compared to a rise of 1.3% in 2014 Despite most of the European countries experiencing sharp fluctuations in the housing market, Belgium's housing market has been relatively stable over the last few years and the stability is expected to continue further in 2015 	1

a Y-o-Y change from Q4 2014 and Q4 2015

Price changes of all residential properties, Eurostat

Note: National savings = Real GDP – Total Real Consumption (Government + Private)

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; EIU Country Reports, March 2016; EIU Data, March 2016; Global Property Guide, April 2016;

http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=teicp270&plugin=1



Belgium – 2015 Economic Review

Other Key Drivers and Inhibitors of HNWI Wealth

Factor	2015 Drivers and Inhibitors	
Monetary Policy	 The European Central Bank (ECB) is expected to further expand its Quantitative Easing programme by Euro 10-20 bn and cut deposit rates from -0.3% to -0.5% to revive the stagnating euro zone economy and to fight the fears of deflation The weak global economy might need ECB to sustain the low interest rates till 2018, with a possibility of raising rates in 2020 The ECB is determined to revive inflation to a target of 2% by any monetary policy measure under its control The ECB also announced that it will now extend its bond-buying scheme to high rated corporate bonds 	
Fiscal Policy	 Belgium is committed to fiscal consolidation mainly by expenditure based adjustments in the form of public spending cuts Increased spending on refugees and on increased counter-terrorism and security measures is expected to impede the process of spending cuts in the near future Budget deficit is expected to have been 2.6% of GDP in 2015 but should narrow down to 1.9% by 2020 	
Other Factors	 Driven by recovery in the euro zone economy and increase in Belgian exports, the current account deficit is forecaste narrow during 2015-17, from an estimated deficit of 3.6% of GDP in 2014 The EU-harmonized inflation in 2015 was 0.6% which is the highest rate in the Euro zone, owing to a 15 percentage princrease in VAT on electricity as part of a tax-shift programme Private consumption will be the main driver of growth in 2016 along with investment growth to satisfy pent-up private-stemand 	

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; EIU Country Reports, March 2016; EIU Data, March 2016







Findings from the Global HNW Insights Survey, 2016





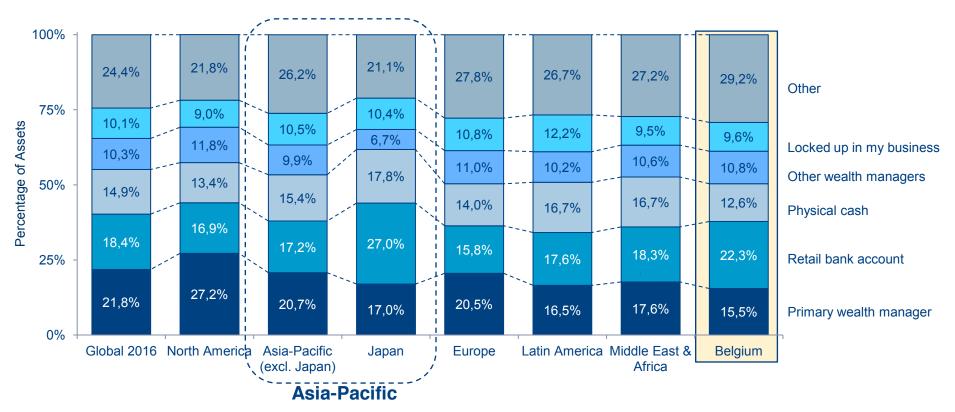
Key Findings: Global HNW Insights Survey, 2016

- HNWI trust and confidence in wealth management firms (and other stakeholders) increased significantly, while trust in wealth managers remained flat
- Despite the more favorable trust environment, HNWIs hold <u>less than one-third of their global wealth with wealth managers</u>
- HNWIs cite <u>financial planning expertise</u>, investment access and advice, as the most important elements in a wealth management relationship
- Wealth managers have an <u>opportunity to tap into HNWIs' investment</u> <u>advice requirements</u>, especially since nearly half of HNWIs favor growthoriented investment
- More <u>HNWIs are starting to favor a pay-for-performance fee model</u>, presenting a challenge to firms and wealth managers, but also a lever for those able to profitably offer such a model



Firms and wealth managers only manage a small portion of HNWI wealth

Investable Wealth Across Entities and Accounts



Note: Question asked: "How does your investable wealth breakdown across entities and accounts?"; Chart numbers may not add up to 100% due to rounding; Real estate is included

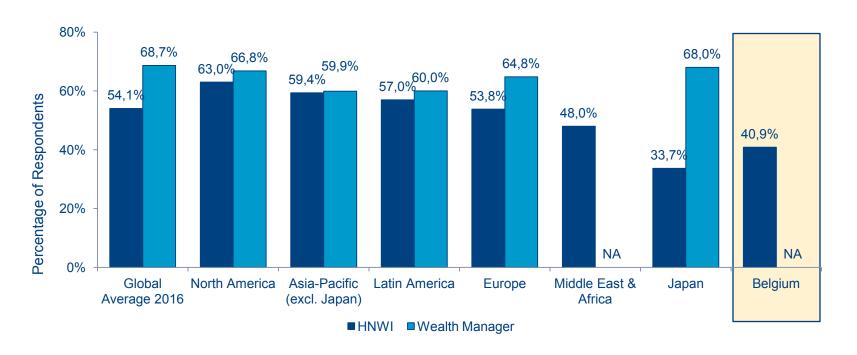
as a part of Other

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini



HNWIs are willing to consolidate wealth with wealth managers

HNWIs Likeliness of Consolidating More of their Assets with Primary Wealth Management Provider Compared to Wealth Manager Perspective



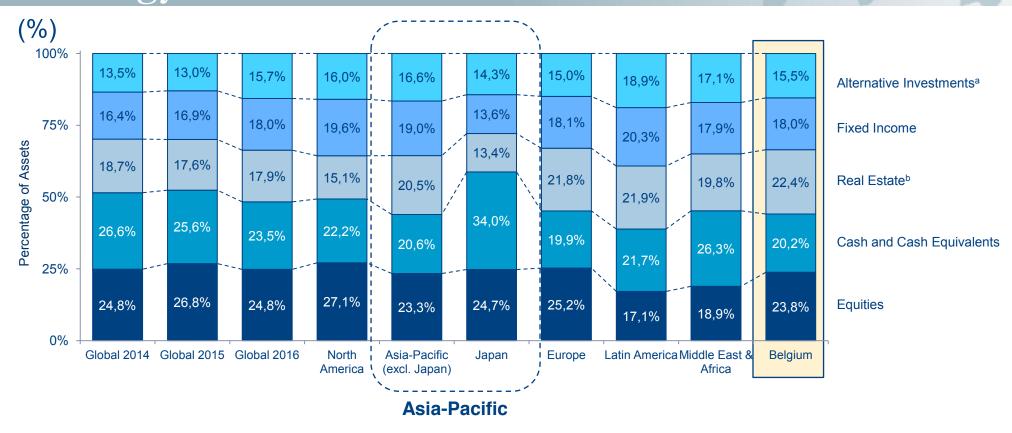
Note: Questions asked: "How likely is it that you would consolidate more of your assets with your primary wealth management provider?"; "How likely is it that your HNW clients would consolidate more of their assets with their primary wealth management provider?"; Please indicate your response on a scale of 1–7. 1 = Not at all likely, 4 = Neither likely nor unlikely, 7 = Extremely likely; Ratings of 5, 6 and 7 have been shown in the chart above

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini; Capgemini Wealth Manager Survey, 2016





HNWIs allocate half of their assets to equities and cash, and many HNWIs take a growth-focused strategy



a. Includes structured products, hedge funds, derivatives, foreign currency, commodities, and private equity

b. Excludes primary residence

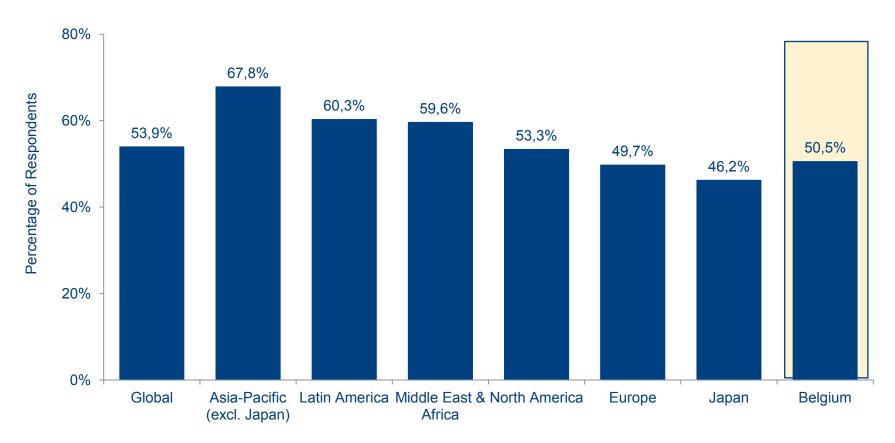
Note: Question asked: "What percentage does each of these asset classes approx. represent in your CURRENT financial portfolio?"; Chart numbers may not add up to 100% due to rounding Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey, 2016, Capgemini; Capgemini and RBC Wealth Management Global HNW Insights Survey, 2015





HNWIs Holding Investments Outside their Home Country (by Region), Q1 2016

(%)

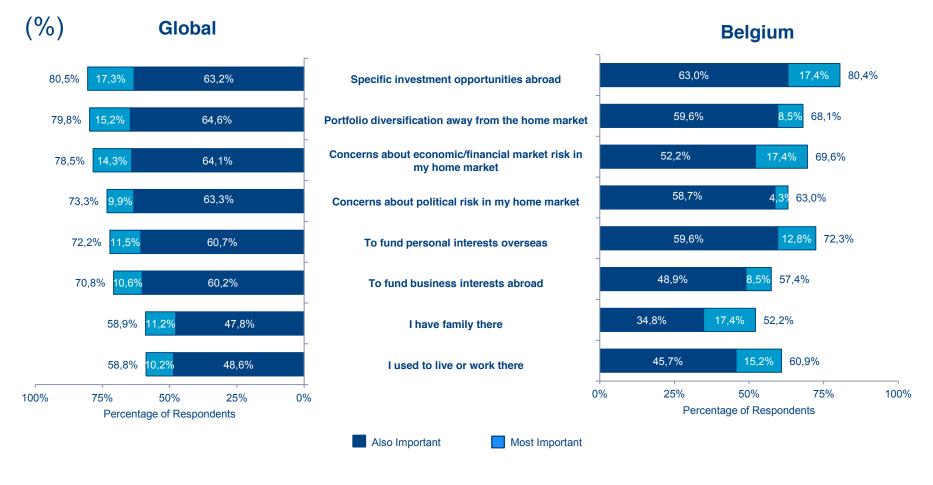


Note: Question asked: "Specifically, do you hold any assets or accounts in markets outside of your home country?" Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini





Most Important Reasons for HNWIs to Hold Assets or Accounts in Markets Outside of Home Country (%)



Note: Question asked: "What are your main reasons for holding assets or accounts in markets outside of your home country?" Chart numbers and quoted percentages may not add up due to rounding Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini

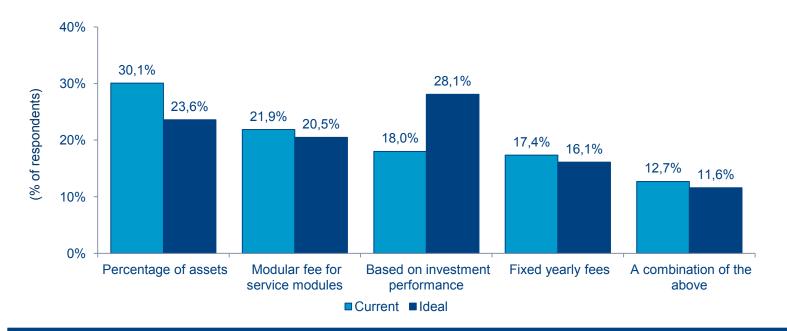




HNWIs are moving away from fee as percentage of assets

Payment for Wealth-Related Services





HNWIs becoming enamored with idea of fees based on performance

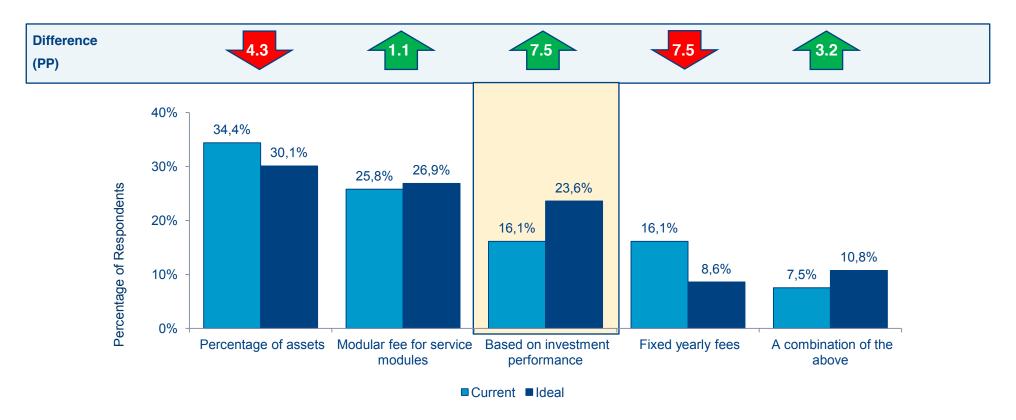
Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNWI Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini





Payment for Wealth-Related Services, Q1 2016, Belgium

(%)



Note: Questions asked: "How do you currently pay your wealth manager for wealth-related services?"; "In an ideal world, how would you like to pay your wealth manager for wealth-related services?" Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini





Looking Back and Forward: 20 Years of the World Wealth Report





Key Findings: Looking Back and Forward

- In spite of the devastating effects of the financial crisis, global HNWI wealth expanded almost fourfold over the last 20 years
- In 20 years of the WWR, we <u>anticipated several industry trends</u>, including technology disruption and the rise of social impact investing, but some unexpected trends unfolded
- The <u>pace of change over the next decade will accelerate</u> across client, operations, regulatory and digital areas
- Firms appear to be <u>constrained in their ability to invest for the future</u>, given their relatively low budget allocations to forward-looking areas such as re-orienting the business model and developing new propositions



Industry executives foresee significant disruption for the next 10 years

Future Trends in Wealth Management Across Client, Operations, Regulatory, and Digital (CORD) Areas

CLIENT

- Continued <u>robust HNWI</u> <u>wealth growth</u>, led by Asia-Pacific and high-tech industries
- Continued (potentially increased) <u>overall market</u> volatility
- Potential <u>era of low and hard-</u> <u>to-predict investment</u> <u>returns</u>
- Increased HNWI financial literacy and <u>demand for</u> sophisticated advice
- Acceleration of inter-spouse and inter-generational <u>issues</u> <u>related to wealth transfer</u>
- Potentially <u>negative impact</u>
 <u>on service levels</u> as firms exit
 the market for cost and
 regulatory reasons Continued
 <u>rise in demand for social</u>
 <u>impact</u> investing

OPERATIONS

- Goals-based <u>financial</u> <u>planning to replace</u> <u>brokerage</u> models
- Future winners will have <u>scale</u> and global operating model to meet HNW client needs
- Persistent <u>low interest rate</u> <u>environment</u> leading to margin pressure
- Increase in <u>mutualization/</u> <u>sharing of functions across</u> <u>smaller banks</u> in order to survive
- After investment management, commoditization moves to financial planning tools,
- Continued <u>consolidation of</u> <u>sub-scale firms</u>
- Shortage of experienced and capable wealth managers to meet new service requirements
- Pay for performance fees become more widespread and signal the death of commissions

REGULATORY

- Short-term <u>"landing" of core</u> <u>post-crisis regulations</u>
- Possible <u>receding of volume</u> <u>of new regulations</u>, unless a new crisis or acceleration of populist pressure on politicians
- Continued governmental and societal "war on wealth", including pressure on whitelisted jurisdictions
- General trend towards increased fiduciary duty and wealth manager certification in all jurisdictions
- Increased regulatory focus
 on new entrants such as
 automated advisors as AUM
 rises, especially in the wake of
 any market disruption

DIGITAL

- Spread of FinTech disruption across full value chain
- Rise in <u>sophistication of</u> <u>third-party support tools</u> to wealth firms
- Increased use of innovation hubs within wealth management firms to combat rise of disruptive new entrants (often working as partners)
- Increased outsourcing of back, middle, and front office functions in response to margin pressures
- Broader leverage of <u>account</u> <u>aggregation technology</u>
- Increased <u>innovation with</u>
 <u>data and analytics</u> to drive
 enable differentiated service
 <u>New investment/ loan</u>
 <u>models</u> built on P2P and
 crowd-sourced tools to emerge
- Major focus on <u>IT security</u>

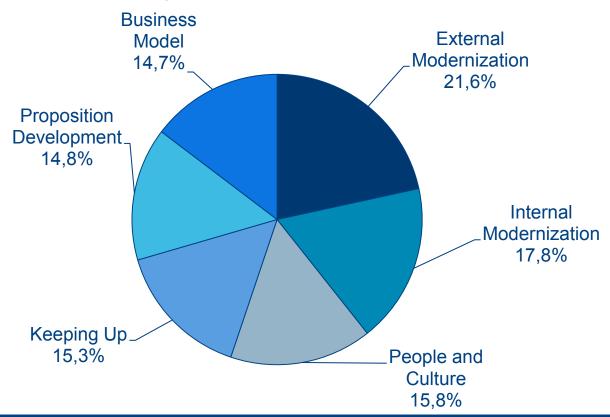
Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; WWR Executive Interviews, 2016





Firms are anticipating the need to invest for a changing industry

Wealth Management Firms' Future Investment Allocation



However, transformation takes a backseat to day-to-day needs

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; WWR Executive Interviews, 2016





Spotlight: Digital Maturity an Elusive Goal for Firms





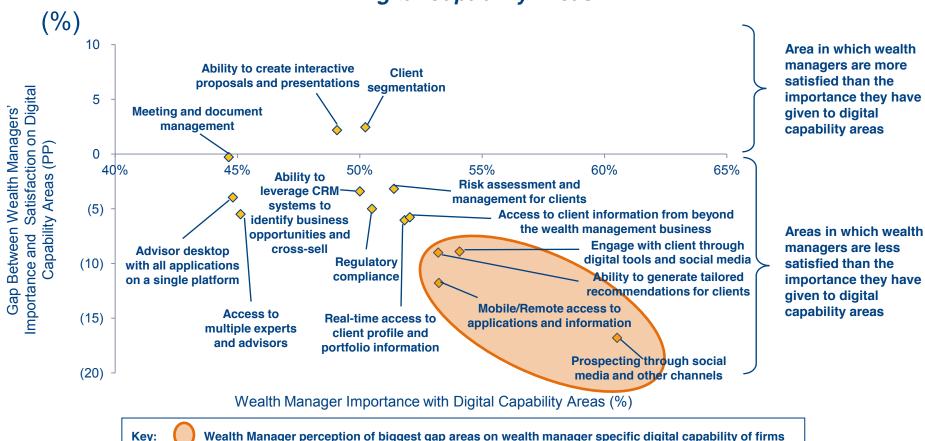
Key Findings: Spotlight

- Wealth managers have joined HNWIs in expressing <u>demand for digital</u> <u>tools</u>, but they are <u>not fully satisfied with the digital tools</u> their firms provide
- <u>Digital capability is crucial to maintaining and growing profits</u>, but very few firms have built differentiated digital maturity into their businesses, putting a portion of profits at risk
- Digital maturity is only going to increase in importance as HNWIs increasingly embrace new FinTech capabilities
- Wealth management firms can enable digital success by <u>putting wealth</u> <u>managers at the center of digital transformation</u> and <u>collaborating with</u> <u>FinTech players</u>



Wealth managers join HNWI demand for digital tools but their satisfaction falls short

Wealth Manager Importance for/Satisfaction with Different Digital Capability Areas



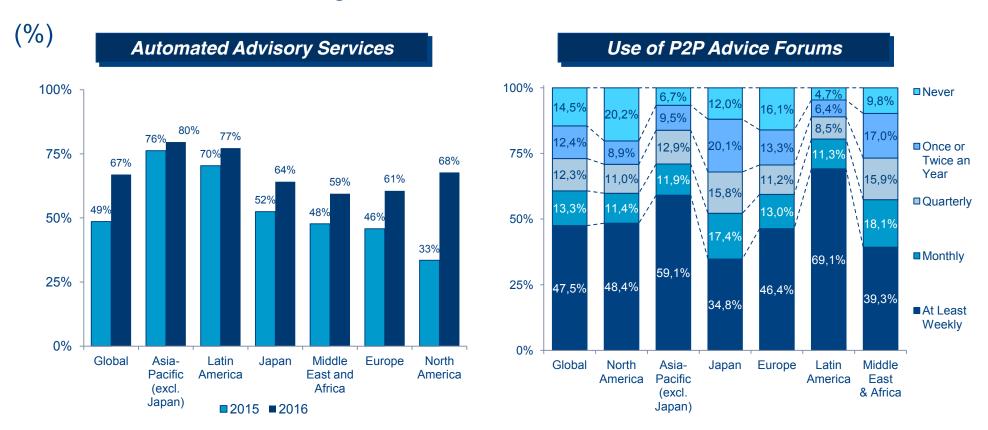
Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Capgemini Wealth Manager Survey, 2016





Digital maturity's importance is going to increase as HNWIs increasingly embrace new FinTech offerings

HNWI Propensity to Use Automated Advisory Services and Current Frequency of Usage of Peer-to-Peer Advice Forums

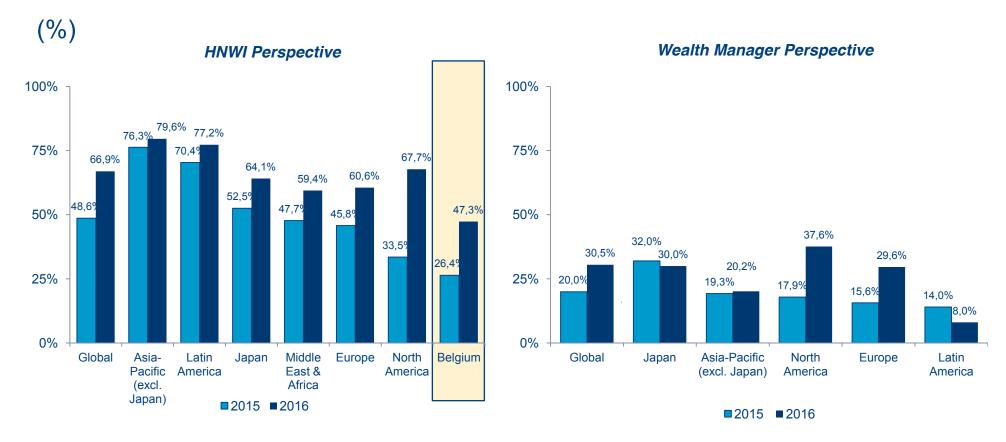


Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNWI Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini; Capgemini and RBC Wealth Management Global HNW Insights Survey 2015





HNWI and Wealth Manager Assessment of HNWI Propensity to Use Automated Advisory Services (by Region), Q1 2015 and Q1 2016



Note: Questions asked: "Would you ever consider having a portion of your wealth managed by an automated advisory service?"; "In your view, would your HNW clients consider having a portion of their wealth managed by automated advisors?"

Source: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini; Capgemini and RBC Wealth Management Global HNW Insights Survey, 2015; Capgemini Wealth Manager Survey, 2015, 2016

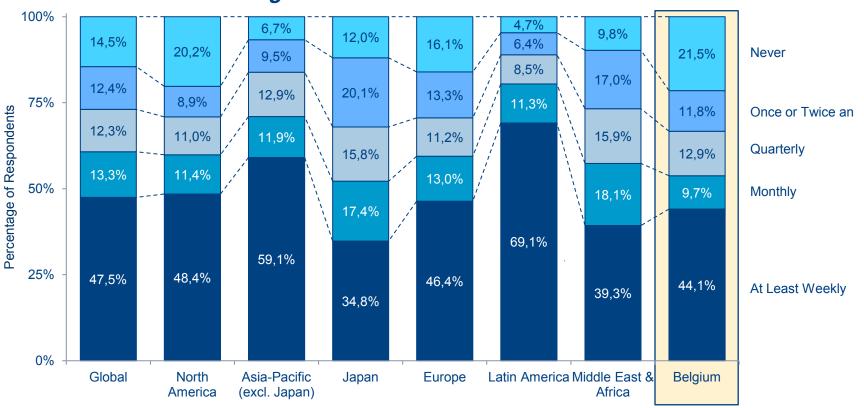




Current Frequency of Usage of P2P Advice Forums (by Region), Q1 2016

(%)

HNWI Propensity to Use Automated Advisory Services and Current Frequency of Usage of Peer-to-Peer Advice Forums



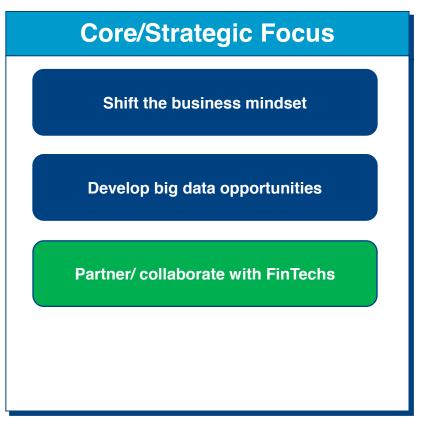
Note:

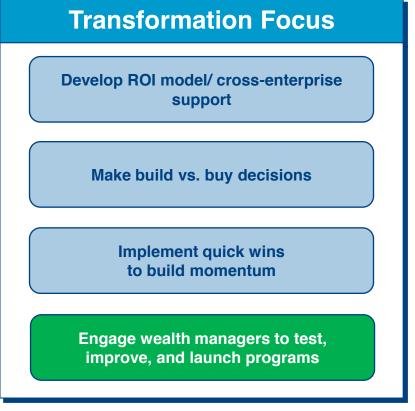
Question asked: "How often do you currently use digitally accessed peer-to-peer advice forums for your wealth management advice needs?" Chart numbers may not add up to 100% due to rounding Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; Global HNW Insights Survey 2016, Capgemini



Wealth manager engagement and FinTech collaboration can push digital agenda

High-Level Digital Prioritization Roadmap in Wealth Management







Additional Recommendation for 2016



Strategic Recommendation from WWR 2014



Transformation Recommendation from WWR 2014

Note.

Steps do not necessarily need to be taken sequentially

ce: Capgemini Financial Services Analysis, 2016; WWR Executive Interviews, 2016







Questions









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Thank You!

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